Xconf Server - User guide for configuration and feature validation

- Source code repository
- Software Requirements (Reference setup) . •
- Installation of dependencies
 - 1. Install Java JDK
 - ° 2. Install Maven (Version 3.6.0)
 - 3. Download xconf server code
 - 4. Install and setup Cassandra(Version 3.11.9)
 - Install Cassandra
 - Configure Cassandra
- Configuration and Service startup
 - 1. Start Cassandra Service
 - ° 2. Configure and Start Application Services
 - a. Build Project
 - b. Configure Angular Admin UI
 - Active Profile Option (for development purpose):
 - c. Configure DataService
 - Data Service Endpoints
- 3. Expected build issues
- Configuration and Validation of services
 - Admin UI Common Configuration
 - Define Environments
 - Define Models
 - Define MAC List
 - Define IP list
 - Feature Validation(RFC)
 - Configuration
 - Define the feature:
 - Define the Feature Rule
 - Verification
 - Client end verification (RPI)
 - Feature Validation (LogUpload)
 - Configuration
 - Verification
 - Client end verification (RPI)
 - Feature Validation (Telemetry)
 - Configuration
 - Verification
 - Client end verification (RPI)
 - Feature Validation (Firmware update)
 - Configuration
 - Add TFTP location
 - Override the default download Location set at Download Location Filter
 - Override Firmware Location with http
 - Verification
 - Client end verification (RPI)
 - Percent Filter
- Import and Export Feature
- FAQs and Common Issues faced in setup

Source code repository

Xconf consists of 2 web applications - Xconf dataservice and Xconf admin. Xconf DataService is the app that the STBs talk to. Xconf Admin allows humans to enter all the information necessary for Xconf to provide the correct information to STBs.

This repo contains the source code for both the applications - https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver

Software Requirements (Reference setup)

Component	Recommendation
System/OS	Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS 64 bit
Disk space	> 5GB
GIT	Version 2.17.1

Python	2.7x
Maven	3.6.0
Java/JDK	Java 8 (JDK version 1.8.0_282)

Installation of dependencies

1. Install Java JDK

Java JDK version should be 8. Get the supported version from Oracle or use the OpenJDK packages.

Steps to install Open JDK

```
$ sudo apt-get update
$ sudo apt-get install openjdk-8-jdk
```

Check your installation using the command : \$ java -version

2. Install Maven (Version 3.6.0)

Maven version should be 3 +.

To install maven follow these steps:

\$ sudo apt update \$ sudo apt install maven

Check the installation using : \$ mvn -version

3. Download xconf server code

We can download the latest xconfserver code from https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver. The latest version of the code is available in main branch.

- Create a folder \$ mkdir xconf
- Step into the folder & clone the repo \$ cd xconf/
 \$ git clone https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver.git -b main
- To clone a particular tagged release :

\$ You will get the name and details of each tag here in this page -https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver/tags \$ Clone step git clone --depth 1 --branch <tag-name> https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver.git eg : git clone --depth 1 --branch v1.3.11 https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver.git

4. Install and setup Cassandra(Version 3.11.9)

Install Cassandra

To install Cassandra , follow the below steps

- Download the tarball file for the version 3.11.9: \$ wget -c https://archive.apache.org/dist/cassandra/3.11.9/apache-cassandra-3.11.9-bin.tar.gz
- Unpack the tarball : \$ tar -xvf apache-cassandra-3.11.9-bin.tar.gz
- Step into apache-cassandra-3.11.9 folder : \$ cd apache-cassandra-3.11.9
- To start Cassandra, run the following command \$ sudo bin/cassandra
- To verify that Cassandra is up and running, enter the following command : \$ bin/nodetool status

Configure Cassandra

Note : For the next step, make sure that python is installed. Because cqlsh is python based command line tool. If python is not installed , use this command : sudo apt install python2.7

• schema.cql file is available in 'xconf-angular-admin/src/test/resources/schema.cql'. We can use this cql file to create a corresponding schema . Open another terminal , step into apache-cassandra-3.11.9 folder and run the following command

```
$ bin/cqlsh -f { path-to-the-schem.cql file}
```

```
eg : $ bin/cqlsh -f ~/xconf/xconfserver/xconf-angular-admin/src/test/resources/schema.cql
```

- To check if tables are created successfully, we can use cqlsh
- To start cqlsh, step into cassandra folder and enter the command:
 - \$ bin/cqlsh
- It gives cassandra cqlsh prompt as output. To check if all the tables are present enter the following commands in cqlsh prompt :

cqlsh> USE "demo";

cqlsh> DESCRIBE KEYSPACE;

• To exit from cqlsh prompt,

cqlsh> quit

Production Installation

The production installation should be similar to the local installation, except that Cassandra will be installed to multiple hosts. Please see the Apache Cassandra documentation for more information.

Configuration and Service startup

1. Start Cassandra Service

- To start an Xconf application, start the Cassandra server by executing the following commands:
- \$ cd apache-cassandra-3.11.9
- \$ sudo bin/cassandra
- · Status of xconf server can be verified by using the command
- \$ bin/nodetool status

You will get an output like this

Datacenter: dat	tacenter1			
=======================================				
Status=Up/Down				
<pre>// State=Normal</pre>	l/Leaving/Jo	oining/Moving		
Address	Load Rack	Tokens	Owns (effective)	Host ID
UN 127.0.0.1 d7-d7442d0ea410	407.92 KiB 5 rack1	256	100.0%	5f6c1da5-fd97-44da-8a

2. Configure and Start Application Services

Build and run steps mentioned below is based on these steps - https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver#run-application.

a. Build Project

- Go to the xconf-server folder and run the following command to download all dependencies.
- \$ cd ~/xconf/xconfserver

· Run the following command from the xconfserver folder

\$ mvn clean install

• Or you can run this command with unit tests skipped \$ mvn clean install -DskipTests=true

b. Configure Angular Admin UI

For first time application deployment, create a "service.properties" file under the path xconfserver/xconf-angular-admin/src/main/resources/service. properties with the following contents.

The sample service.properties file will be available in xconf-angular-admin/src/test/resources/service.properties, the below content is copied from the sample with a modification in cassandra port you can use this.

```
cassandra.keyspaceName=demo
cassandra.contactPoints=127.0.0.1
cassandra.username=
cassandra.password=
cassandra.port=9042
cassandra.authKey=
dataaccess.cache.tickDuration=60000
dataaccess.cache.retryCountUntilFullRefresh=10
dataaccess.cache.retryCountUntilFullRefresh=10
dataaccess.cache.retoadCacheEntries=false
dataaccess.cache.reloadCacheEntries=false
dataaccess.cache.reloadCacheEntriesTimeOut=1
dataaccess.cache.numberOfEntriesToProcessSequentially=10000
dataaccess.cache.keysetChunkSizeForMassCacheLoad=500
dataaccess.cache.changedKeysCfName=XconfChangedKeys4
```

- · Go to xconf-angular-admin folder
- \$ cd ~/xconf/xconfserver/xconf-angular-admin
- Run the following command from xconf-angular-admin folder

\$ mvn jetty:run -DappConfig=\${path-to-service-properties} -f pom.xml

- For first time run only, we need to specify the path to service.properties. For the subsequent runs execute the below command in the folder xconfserver/xconf-angular-admin:
- \$ mvn jetty:run

To run the admin UI launch it as http://<XCONF-SERVER-IP>:19093/admin/ in any browser(Default port is set as 19093, it can be changed by using the option -Djetty.port=[port number]). This will redirect to the login page.

To launch in localhost : http://127.0.0.1:19093/admin

Please enter your NT credentials	
Username:	
Password:	
	Login

If the user wants both read and write permissions, then enter username and password for the login as admin and admin respectively

If the user wants only read permissions, then enter username and password for the login as user and user respectively.

Active Profile Option (for development purpose):

If xconf-angular-admin is run with -Dspring.profiles.active=dev UI will use not compiled .js and .css files but the source files. See xconf-angular-admin/src /main/webapp/WEB-INF/jsp/xconfindex.jsp for details. That can be useful for local development purpose, to update UI it is just needed to reload page with cache refresh option.

c. Configure DataService

For first time application deployment, create a "service.properties" file under the path xconfserver/xconf-dataservice/src/main/resources/service.properties with the following contents. The sample service.properties file will be available in xconf-dataservice/src/test/resources/sample-service.properties(There are some mistakes in that sample file - 1. cassandra.keyspaceName=demo 2. dataaccess.cache.changedKeysCfName=XconfChangedKeys4 that is rectified below. You can also edit that file with the changes 1 and 2. Then rename it to be used here), the below content is taken from there and modified with change in cassandra port .

```
cassandra.keyspaceName=demo
cassandra.contactPoints=127.0.0.1
cassandra.username=
cassandra.password=
cassandra.port=9042
cassandra.authKey=
dataaccess.cache.tickDuration=60000
dataaccess.cache.retryCountUntilFullRefresh=10
dataaccess.cache.retryCountUntilFullRefresh=10
dataaccess.cache.reloadCacheEntries=false
dataaccess.cache.reloadCacheEntriesTimeOut=1
dataaccess.cache.numberOfEntriesToProcessSequentially=10000
dataaccess.cache.keysetChunkSizeForMassCacheLoad=500
dataaccess.cache.changedKeysCfName=XconfChangedKeys4
```

- · Step into xconf-dataservice folder
 - \$ cd ~xconf/xconfserver/xconf-dataservice
- · Run the following command from xconf-dataservice folder
 - \$ mvn jetty:run -DappConfig=\${path-to-service-properties} -f pom.xml
- For first time run only, we need to specify the path to service.properties. For the subsequent runs execute the below command in the folder xconfserver/xconf-dataservice:
- \$ mvn jetty:run

To launch the application go to http://<XCONF-SERVER-IP>:19092/queries/environments (Default port is set as 19092, it can be changed by using the option -Djetty.port=[port number]). To verify, add an entry in the environments tab of the Xconf admin application and check whether the same is updated here in data service.

To launch in localhost : http://127.0.0.1:19092/queries/environments

• Data Service Endpoints

The endpoints available in data service is listed and described in below link:

https://github.com/rdkcentral/xconfserver#endpoints

NOTE: To run the Admin UI and data service applications in background start jetty server as follows: nohup mvn jetty:run &

Expected build issues

Below exceptions may be observed during the mvn clean install . This is an exception from unit test , but the tests will run successfully.

Build process may stall for some time but the build will be successful and the application can be launched successfully. So it can be ignored as well.

[INFO] Running com.comcast.xconf.CompleteTestSuite
no libsigar-amd64-linux.so in java.library.path
org.hyperic.sigar.SigarException: no libsigar-amd64-linux.so in java.library.path
at org.hyperic.sigar.loadLibrary(Sigar.java:172)
at org.hyperic.sigar. <clinit>(Sigar.java:100)</clinit>
at org.apache.cassandra.utils.SigarLibrary. <init>(SigarLibrary.java:47)</init>
at org.apache.cassandra.utils.SigarLibrary. <clinit>(SigarLibrary.java:28)</clinit>
at org.apache.cassandra.service.StartupChecks\$7.execute(StartupChecks.java:216)
at org.apache.cassandra.service.StartupChecks.verify(StartupChecks.java:112)
at org.apache.cassandra.service.CassandraDaemon.setup(CassandraDaemon.java:196)
at org.apache.cassandra.service.CassandraDaemon.activate(CassandraDaemon.java:601)
$\verb at org.cassandraunit.utils.EmbeddedCassandraServerHelper\$1.run(EmbeddedCassandraServerHelper.embeddedCassandraServerHelper$
java:133)
at java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor.runWorker(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:1149)
at java.util.concurrent.ThreadPoolExecutor\$Worker.run(ThreadPoolExecutor.java:624)
at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:748)

Solution : This exception can be resolved by copying the .so file to the path /usr/lib.

Configuration and Validation of services

Admin UI Common Configuration

Below steps will affect all the features in Xconf system and should be configured after initial setup. Go to the steps given in site navigation step and press on create button to create new entries.

Define Environments

Site Navigation: <xconf-server< th=""><th>>:19093 >> Common >> Environments Example URL:</th><th></th></xconf-server<>	>:19093 >> Common >> Environments Example URL:	
Conf Common - Firm	vare • DCM • Telemetry • Settings • RFC • Tools • Changes	Application admin [01/13/202 UTC 14:20:5
Environments	Search by Id	Create - Export All
Id	Description	Actions
DEV	DEV_ENVIRONMENT	 • • •
PROD	PROD_ENVIRONMENT	ė Č
Items per page: 50 - v		

Define Models

Site Navigation: http://<XCONF-SERVER>:19093 >> Common >> Models | Example URL :

Conf common -	Firmware - DCM - Telem	etry • Settings • RFC •	 Tools - Changes 	Application admin - 01/13/2021 9TC 14:23:37
Models	Search by Id	•		Create Export All
Id	Description			Actions
RPI	RaspberryPI			 D d

Define MAC List

(This will be used to target certain list of MACs against a particular feature configuration)

Site Navigation http:// <xconf-se< th=""><th>RVER>:19093 >> Cor</th><th>mmon >> MAC List </th><th>Example URL :</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></xconf-se<>	RVER>:19093 >> Cor	mmon >> MAC List	Example URL :					
Common - Firm	ware 👻 DCM 👻 Tel	emetry 👻 Settings 👻	RFC • Tools •	Changes	Арр	Dication	2 0: UTC	admin 📑 3/01/2021 14:58:53
Mac Lists	Search by Name	•			Create	÷ -	Exp	ort All
Name	Size							
ARMv7_ERT_MAC_LIST	1				/	đ	8	±
O AUSA-Test	1					đ	8	±
O AX061AEI	2					đ	8	⊥
Cogmation_MAC	1				*	đ	۲	Ŀ

Define IP list

Site Navigation http:// <xconf-server>:19093 >> Common >> IP List Example URL :</xconf-server>					

Common - Firm	ware • DCM • Telemetry • Se	tings ▼ RFC ▼ Tools ▼	Changes	Application admin 03/01/2021 UTC 14:59:37
Ip Lists	Search by Name			Create
Name	Size			
Cogmation_IP	1			
IPLISTDTFOR1212	1			/
RDKV_EMU	1			/
RPI_N_IP	1			 Image: Second sec

Feature Validation(RFC)

Configuration

RDK Feature control configuration can be added by adding below 2 sections

- 1. Define the Feature
- 2. Define the Feature Rule

Define the feature:

A new feature can be defined via RFC-> Feature -> Create. 'Feature Name' should be unique and understandable, 'Config data' should be key value pairs.

ite Navigation http:// <xconf_server>:19093 >> RFC >> Feature</xconf_server>	
Conf Common - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry - Settings - RFC - Toots -	Changes Application admin stD U1/13/ UTC 14.4
Edit Feature	
Feature Instance AAMP-mock feature	Effective immediate true
Name EmulatorFeature	Enable false
Config Data:	
ENABLE_AAMP Taise	
whitelisted	
Save Cancel	

Define the Feature Rule

Feature rule is to map devices to a particular feature. A new feature rule can be created via RFC->feature rule -> Create

Site Navigation http:// <xconf_server>:19093 >> RFC >> Feature Rule</xconf_server>			

Common - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry - Settings - RFC	Tools - Changes Application 01 stb · Urc
Create Feature Rule	
Define properties	
Name RPI_Feature_rule	Priority 1
Features AAMP-mock feature ×	
Rule	
not estbMacAddress IN_LIST MacList_for_test	
Save Cancel	

Verification

a. Verification of feature and feature rule via test page.

After creating the feature and feature rule, go to RFC->Test page and give a parameter that will match the one of the rules that you have created. The matched rule and JSON response will be displayed similar to below example.

Site Navigation: http:// <xconf_server>:19093 >> RFC >> TestPage</xconf_server>				
Conf Common - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry -	Settings • RFC • Tools • Changes Application of 1/13/2021 utc 14:51:42			
Test page				
Parameters	Context			
estbMacAddress B8:27:EB:94:71:82	("estbMacAddress"."88:27:EB:94:71:82")			
	Matched rules			
Test With Parameters	Name: RPI_Feature_rule estbMacAddress IN_LIST MacList_for_test			
	FeatureControl			
	<pre>{ "features": [("name": "EmulatorFeature", "effectiveImmediate": true, "enable": false, "configbata": { "ENABLE AAMP": "false" "ENABLE AAMP" "ENABLE "ENABLE AAMP" "ENABLE "ENABLE "ENABLE "ENABLE "ENABLE</pre>			

b. Verification via curl command

The curl command mocks the request being sent from an STB like below and sample response is also given. It can be given as a curl command or as a get request via postman or browser

eg :

\$ curl 'http://<XCONF_IP>:19092/featureControl/getSettings?estbMacAddress= B8:27:EB:94:71:82'

(Here the feature rule mapped to this particular mac address will be obtained)

Sample Response:

```
"effectiveImmediate": true,
    "enable": false,
    "configData": {
        "ENABLE_AAMP": "false"
    },
    "featureInstance": "AAMP-mock feature"
    }
    ]
}
```

Client end verification (RPI)

Verification and setup from RPI

CURL Command	curl 'http:// <xconf_ip>:19092/featureControl/getSettings?estbMacAddress=B8:27:EB:FF:54:95&firmwareVersion=rdk-generic-hybrid- wpe-image_default_20190702100618&env=pi&model=RPI&ecmMacAddress=B8:27:EB:FF:54:95&controllerId=2504&channelMapId=23 45&vodId=15660&partnerId=&accountId=Unknown&version=2'</xconf_ip>
CPE Script (RDK-V)	/lib/rdk/RFCbase.sh
CPE Service (RDK-V)	/lib/systemd/system/rfc-config.service

Feature Validation (LogUpload)

Configuration

1. Create upload repository via DCM->Upload repository -> Create. Here we can add where to configure the log upload, i.e. the upload URL and protocol (This will be the URL of logopload server that is setup to upload the log files, it can be http, https or tftp servers).

Site Navigation http:// <xconf_server>:19093 >> DCM >> UploadRepository</xconf_server>	
Common - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry - Settings - RFC - Tools - Changes Application admin 10/1/13/202 Stb - UTC 15:16:4	₹ 11 16
Update Upload repository	
Name	
Upload repository test	1
Description	Υ
Test for upload repository	
URL	
HTTP v http://35.155.171.121/xconf	
Save Cancel	

2. Create rule via DCM->Formulas->Create.

Site Navigation | http://<XCONF_SERVER>:19093 >>DCM >> Formulas

Conf Common - Firmwa	DCM = Telemetry = Settings = RFC = Tools = Changes stb	attion admin L# 01/13/2021 vrc 16:50:45
Create Formula		
Properties		
Name Mock_Formula_test Description Formula for velification	Percentage 100 Default formula Priority 4 ~	8. 4
Percentage of responses with level on	Nthree logs	
L1 percentage 0	L2 percentage 0 L3 percentage 0	
Build condition		
not estbMacAddress	IN_LIST V MacList_for_test	
For LIKE operation regex comparison is used For MATCH operation wildcard comparison is Examples:	it if you know how java works with regar expressions. (* - few oharacters, ? - one character).	

3. Once you save the created formula , then a 'define Settings' tab with 'Create Device Settings', 'Create log settings', Create VOD settings' will be available

4. Click on 'Create Device Settings' tab and edit the Device Settings.

- 5. Edit the Log upload Setting (Create schedule & Add the upload repository created beforehand).
- 6. Note : The formula will be effective only if we select 'Are Settings Active' option to 'true' in 'Create Device Settings' and 'Log Upload settings'

Verification

a.Verification of log upload settings test page.

After creating the feature and feature rule, go to DCM->Test page and give a parameter that will match the one of the formulas that you have created. Then matched rule and the settings will be displayed like below

Site Navigation: <xconf-serv< th=""><th>er>:19093</th><th>>> DCM >> Tes</th><th>st Page</th></xconf-serv<>	er>:19093	>> DCM >> Tes	st Page
Conf Common - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry	r - Settings - RFC	 Tools - Changes 	Application admin @ 01/13/2021 stb v urc 17:00.45
Test page			
Parameters	Context		
•	("estbMacAddress":"B8	27:E8:94:71:82","applicationType":"stb")	
estimachooress 80227283447132	Rule		
	type	DCMRule	
HER WHEN PRINTWEERS	matched rule ids	1000000-0000-0000-00001-0000120	
	Output(Settings)		
	um settings:GroupName		RPI_Device_Settings
	um settings CheckOnRel	boot	tue
	um settings CheckSched	uletoron	10 00 ***
	um settings CheckSched	ule OurationMinutes	0
	urn settings LogUploadS	ettings Name	Log upload settings test
	urn settings LogUploadS	ettings NumberOfDays	5
	um settings LogUploadS	ettings Upload Repository Name	Upload repository test
	un settings Logupteros	etings nepresity vnu	http://25.155.171.121/store/logupless.prg
	urn settings LogUploadS	ettings UploadRepository uploadProtocol	HTTP
	urn settings LogUploadS	ettings UploadOnReboot	faise
	urn settings LogUploadS	ettings upload	tue
	urn settings LogUploadS	ettings UploadSchedule cron	10 00 ***

b. Verification via curl command

The curl command mocks the request being sent from an STB like below and sample response is also given. It can be given as a curl command or as a get request via postman or browser

eg :

\$ curl 'http://<XCONF_IP>: 19092/loguploader/getSettings?estbMacAddress=B8:27:EB:94:71:82'.

Sample response :

```
{
    "urn:settings:GroupName": "RPI_Device_Settings",
    "urn:settings:CheckOnReboot": true,
    "urn:settings:CheckSchedule:cron": "10 00 * * *",
    "urn:settings:CheckSchedule:DurationMinutes": 0,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:Message": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:Name": "Log upload settings test",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:NumberOfDays": 5,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadRepositoryName": "Upload repository test",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:RepositoryURL": "http://35.155.171.121/xconf/logupload.php",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadOnReboot": false,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadImmediately": false,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:upload": true,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:cron": "10 00 * * *",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:levelone:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:leveltwo:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:levelthree:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:DurationMinutes": 0,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:Name": null,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:LocationsURL": null,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:SRMIPList": null
}
```

Client end verification (RPI)

CURL Command	$eq:curl_http://:19092/loguploader/getSettings?estbMacAddress= B8:27:EB:FF:54:95&firmwareVersion=rdk-generic-hybrid-wpe-image_default_20190702100618&env=dev&model=RPI&ecmMacAddress= B8:27:EB:FF:54:95&controllerId=2504&channelMapId=2345&vodId=15660&timezone=&partnerId=&accountId=Unknown&version=2'$
CPE Script (RDK-V)	/lib/rdk/StartDCM.sh /lib/rdk/DCMscript.sh
CPE Service (RDK-V)	/lib/systemd/system/dcm-log.service

Feature Validation (Telemetry)

- Telemetry configuration can be done by adding a permanent profile which contains below objects

 Upload repository
 - b. Profile options (Header, content, frequency etc.)
- 2. Creating a targeting rule which is basically mapping the profile to a set of MAC/IP/Device etc.

Note : DCM settings should be already done for the devices that you are going to set telemetry configuration

Configuration

1. Create a permanent profile Telemetry - > Permanent Profiles -> Create

In the Telemetry Permanent Profile page, there will be a 5th column that allows a component name to be entered. The component name is optional and may be present for only some of the entries in the Telemetry profile.

Site Navigation: http://<XCONF_SERVER>:19093 >> Telemetry >> Permanent Profiles

ormanom prome	3			
Name				
RDKM_TEST				
Schedule				
3				
Upload repository				
HTTP V http://xconf.rdkcentral	l.com/x			
Telemetry profile entries:				
1 Firewall	starting firewall service	FirewallDebug.txt	1	
Component (optional)				
D MEDIA_ERROR_NETWORI	onMediaError NETWORK E	receiver.log	1	
com.cisco.spvtg.ccsp.mesha				
_				

2. Once you save the permanent profile, you will get a message overlay 'Profile added to the pending changes'. Then go to Changes -> select the profile you create -> Click on "Approve selected changes". Then the permanent profile will be listed under Telemetry -> Permanent profiles

ite Navigation: http:// <xconf_server>:19</xconf_server>	093 >> Changes	
Conf Common - Firmware - DC	M • Telemetry • Settings • RFC • Tools • Changes	Application admin E stb 03/02/2021 03/02/2021 urc 04:36:30
Telemetry Profile Char	nges	Search by Entity
Pending History	0	Approve selected changes
Entity User Action	Diff	Updated
✓ Verify-tata admin CREATE	<pre>+NAME: Verify-tata +UPLOAD PROTOCOL: HTTP +UPLOAD REPOSITORY: http://35.155.171.121/xconf/logupload.php +SCHEDULE: 3 +TELEMETRY ELEMENTS: + HEADER: Firewall + CONTENT: starting firewall service</pre>	03/02/2021 4:36AM UTC Cancel

3. Create targeting rule via Telemetry -> Targeting rules. Targeting rules is to map the profiles with rules.

Site Navigation: http://<XCONF_SERVER>:19093 >> Telemetry >> Targeting Rule

Rule name: RDKM_TEST estbMacAddress IS B8:27:EB.BE.D7:12 OR estbMacAddress IS 14:C0:3E:74:29:A6
AND OR O not IS V Bound profile: RDKM_TEST V Save Cancel

Verification

a. Verification of telemetry test page.

After creating the permanent profile and targeting rules, go to Telemetry->Test page and give a parameter that will match the one of the rule that you have created. Then matched rule will be displayed like below.

Site Navigation:	<xconf-server>:19093 >> Telemetry >> Test Page</xconf-server>	
\leftrightarrow \rightarrow C \triangleq xcont	.rdkcentral.com.9093/admin/ux/?#/telemetry/testpage	☆ 😩 :
	Conf Common + Firmware + DCM + Telemetry + Settings + RFC + Tools + Changes Application admin (= 04/27/2021) stb urc 08/23/02	
	Test page	
	Parameters Context	
	Image: Control Contro Control Contron Control Control Control Control Control Control C	
	* Matched rules	
	Test With Parameters Name: RDKM_TEST Profile: RDKM_TEST OR estbMacAddress IS 18	

The curl command mocks the request being sent from an STB like below and sample response is also given. It can be given as a curl command or as a get request via postman or browser. The same url used for logupload verification can be used here too, the response will have telemetry settings data like below (urn:settings:TelemetryProfile)

The new API for Telemetry is getT2Settings. It will take the same parameters as the current API, /loguploader/getSettings.

If the component name has been defined for an entry, the response will be in the new format. The second and third columns for that entry will not be used in the response. The content field comes from the fifth column (component name). The type field will be a constant string "<event>".

Example for getT2Settings:

{"header":"MEDIA_ERROR_NETWORK_ERROR","content":"com.cisco.spvtg.ccsp.meshagent","type":"<event>","pollingFrequency":"0"}

If the component name has not been defined for an entry, the response will be in the current format.

Example for getSettings:

{"header":"MEDIA_ERROR_NETWORK_ERROR","content":"onMediaError NETWORK ERROR(10)","type":"receiver.log","pollingFrequency":"0"}

eg :

\$ curl 'http://<XCONF_IP>: 19092/loguploader/getSettings?estbMacAddress=B8:27:EB:BE:D7:12'

Sample Response :

```
{
   "urn:settings:GroupName": "RDKM_TEST",
   "urn:settings:CheckOnReboot": true,
   "urn:settings:CheckSchedule:cron": "2 1 2 1 1",
   "urn:settings:CheckSchedule:DurationMinutes": 0,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:Message": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:Name": "RDKM_TEST",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:NumberOfDays": 1,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadRepositoryName": "RDKM_TEST",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:RepositoryURL": "http://{loguoloadserver}/xconf/logupload.php",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadOnReboot": true,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadImmediately": false,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:upload": true,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:cron": "2 1 1 1 1",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:levelone:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:leveltwo:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:levelthree:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:DurationMinutes": 0,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:Name": null,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:LocationsURL": null,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:SRMIPList": null,
    "urn:settings:TelemetryProfile": {
        "id": "69e37757-b463-47aa-94a8-2ce438e26a50",
        "telemetryProfile": [
            {
                "header": "Firewall",
                "content": "starting firewall service",
                "type": "FirewallDebug.txt",
                "pollingFrequency": "1"
            },
            {
                "header": "MEDIA_ERROR_NETWORK_ERROR",
                "content": "onMediaError NETWORK ERROR(10)",
                "type": "receiver.log",
                "pollingFrequency": "1"
            }
        1.
        "schedule": "3",
        "expires": 0,
        "telemetryProfile:name": "RDKM_TEST",
        "uploadRepository:URL": "http://{logupload-server}/xconf/logupload.php",
        "uploadRepository:uploadProtocol": "HTTP"
   }
}
```

\$ curl 'http://<XCONF_IP>: 19092/loguploader/getT2Settings?estbMacAddress=B8:27:EB:BE:D7:12'

Sample Response :

```
{
    "urn:settings:GroupName": "RDKM_TEST",
    "urn:settings:CheckOnReboot": true,
    "urn:settings:CheckSchedule:cron": "2 1 2 1 1",
    "urn:settings:CheckSchedule:DurationMinutes": 0,
   "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:Message": null,
   "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:Name": "RDKM_TEST",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:NumberOfDays": 1,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadRepositoryName": "RDKM_TEST",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:RepositoryURL": "http://{log-upload-server}/xconf/logupload.php",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadOnReboot": true,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadImmediately": false,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:upload": true,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:cron": "2 1 1 1 1",
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:levelone:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:leveltwo:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:levelthree:cron": null,
    "urn:settings:LogUploadSettings:UploadSchedule:DurationMinutes": 0,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:Name": null,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:LocationsURL": null,
    "urn:settings:VODSettings:SRMIPList": null,
    "urn:settings:TelemetryProfile": {
        "id": "69e37757-b463-47aa-94a8-2ce438e26a50",
        "telemetryProfile": [
            {
                "header": "Firewall",
                "content": "starting firewall service",
                "type": "FirewallDebug.txt",
                "pollingFrequency": "1"
            },
            {
                "header": "MEDIA_ERROR_NETWORK_ERROR",
                "content": "com.cisco.spvtg.ccsp.meshagent",
                "type": "<event>",
                "pollingFrequency": "1"
           }
        ],
        "schedule": "3",
        "expires": 0,
        "telemetryProfile:name": "RDKM_TEST",
        "uploadRepository:URL": "http://log-upload-server}/xconf/logupload.php",
        "uploadRepository:uploadProtocol": "HTTP"
   }
}
```

Client end verification (RPI)

CURL Command	curl 'http:// <xconf_ip>:19092/loguploader/getSettings?estbMacAddress=B8:27:EB:FF:54:95&firmwareVersion=rdk-generic-hybrid-wpe-image_default_20190702100618&env=dev&model=RPI&ecmMacAddress=B8:27:EB:FF:54:95&controllerId=2504&channelMapId=2345&vodId=15660&timezone=&partnerId=&accountId=Unknown&version=2'</xconf_ip>
CPE Script (RDK-V)	/lib/rdk/DCMscript.sh /lib/rdk/dca_utility.sh
CPE Service (RDK-V)	/lib/systemd/system/dcm-log.service

Feature Validation (Firmware update)

Configuration

1. Firmware config can be created via Firmware - > Firmware Configs -> Create. Enter a description for this config. Also we can define the file name and version of the image/firmware that need to be downloaded to the CPE device. The models that we defined in Common Models section will be available here, We can select the required models by clicking on it.

trackcentral.com/9093/admin/us//#/tirmwarecontig/edit/55/584dc-2/98-40/cl-ad39-53c89ed66/3/ Conff Common ~ Firmware ~ DCM ~ Telemetry ~ Settings ~ RFC ~ Tools ~ Changes stb 04/22/2021 utcl 12:06:30		:
Firmware config		
Description RDKB_19		
File name rdkb-generic-broadband-Image_default_20201222054544.rootfs.rpi-sdimg		
Version rdkb-generic-broadband-image_default_20201222054544		
Models:		
ARMV7 ARRIS AUSA-TEST AX061AEI COGMATION_BB COGMATION_ENV DEV DHA2332		
EMU-ENV EMULATOR EMULATOR1 EMURDKV ENV13 FWUPG_DEMO HP40A-DEV		
NEWTEST PP_MODEL PROD QA QAENV QAMODEL RDK-B RDK-C_T RDK-C_TEST		
RDK-C_TEST1 RDK-C_TEST2 RDK_B_HEN RDK_BROADBAND RDKB-TECHSUMMIT RDKB_19		
TESTCPEFOR1212 TESTENV TESTENVFOR2222 TESTENVFOR2255 XY2123 YS4000		
Save Cancel		

2. To create a firmware template, go to Firmware Firmware templates. Enter the ID name. Select priority from the 'Priority' drop down menu. Add conditions. There are some already existing templates, if you are using the existing Firmware Templates for configuration ,you can skip this step.

Site Navigation: https://www.commonscience.com/commonscience.com/commonscience.com/commonscience.com/commonscience.com/commonscience.com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/	Site Navigation: http:// <xconf_server>:19093 >> Firmware >>Firmware Templates</xconf_server>						
	n - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry - Settings - RFC - Tools - Changes						
Add Firmwa	are Rule Template						
Rule							
ID	NEW_RULE_19						
Priority	7 ~						
Conditions	not eStbMac IN_LIST V AUSA-Test						
Is editable	0						
Action Action Type	RULE_TEMPLATE						
	Save Cancel						

3. Firmware rule can be create via Firmware -> Firmware rules -> Rule Action -> Create. On clicking on Create button, a list of templates will be presented. We can select the required template (There will be default templates like ENV_MODEL_RULE, IP_RULE, MAC_RULE etc. and also the custom templates created from Firmware->Firmware template -> Create).

Site Navigation: http:// <xconf_server>:19093 >> Firmware >> Firmware Rules</xconf_server>									
Firmware Rule Templates	Search by Name								
Rule Actions	6 Define properties	Blocking Filters 3							
ID	Rule	Priority							
MAC_RULE	eSIbMac IN_LIST								
• IP_RULE	AND env IS AND model IS								

After we select the required template, 'Add firmware Rule' page will be displayed. Here the build conditions will be present from the 'template' that we added and in addition to that we can add additional Build Conditions also. To add firmware config, go to the 'Actions' tab and select the firmware config from 'Firmware config' drop down list (Select the firmware config that you have created).

PROPERTIES	
Name RDKB_19 Type MAC_RULE BUILD CONDITIONS BUILD CONDITIONS BUILD CONDITIONS	
eStMax IN_LIST RDKN_TEST_MAC MO OR Ond IS IS O Plass provide value for each condition in the rule: cide condition, enter faseAdy value, then cilled Plas batton to save that condition. Mode: <u>Ingr</u> value in condition. Mode: <u>Ingr</u> value in condition.	
NoOp false Firmware Config Cogmution_config	
Save Cancel	

4. The download location needs to be specified so that it can be returned in the response. Choose Firmware -> Download location filter-> Edit, where we can specify the location from where we can download the firmware. Enter the FQDN and Full http location for the firmware download server . Http location will be returned by default to all devices.

Site Navigation: http://<XCONF_SERVER>:19093 >> Firmware >> Download Location Round Robin Filter

\leftrightarrow \rightarrow C $$ xconf.rc	lkcentral.com.9093/admin/ux/?#/roundrobinfilter	☆ 😩
	Common - Firmware - DCM - Telemetry - Settings - RFC - Tools - Changes Application admin E 04/22/2021 stb - urc 14:25:57	
	Download Location Round Robin Filter	
	нттр	
	 An HTTP location will be returned by default to all devices Devices that send supportsFullHttpUrl capability will get back a full URL location, others will get back the FQDN location 	
	Location (FQDN) xconf.rdkcentral.com	
	Location (full URL) https://xconf.rdkcentral.com/xconf/upload/	
	TFTP	
	For where TFTP applies, a device will get back one of the locations below based on the percent listed for the location. So if location 1.1.1.1 has a percent of 10, then 10% of requests will be told to use location 1.1.1.1.	
	IPv4 locations:	
	192.168.1.4 100 %	

Add TFTP location

An HTTP location will be returned by default to all devices. To enable tftp(If you have the download location of the firmware as tftp, then only you need to setup this) as download location for a particular set of devices, we need to override it from firmware rules.

1. Go to Firmware -> Firmware Rules -> Define Properties -> Create

ite Navigation: <xconf-server>:19093 >>Firmware >> Firmware Rules >> Define Properties</xconf-server>						
Common - Firm	ware 👻 DCM 👻 Telemetry 👻 S	Settings + RFC + Tools +	Changes stb	admin 05/17/2021 urc 05/39:48		
Firmware Rules	Search by Name	•	Create	► Export All ►		
Rule Actions 27	Define properties 1 Blo	ocking Filters	Template:	~		
Name	Rule	Bypass Filters	Properties			
RDKM_TEST	eStbMac IS B9:27:EB:BE:D7:12 OR eStbMac IN_LIST RDKM_TEST_MAC)	irmwareLocation: 192.168.1.9 irmwareDownloadProtocol: tftp			

2. A page will be displayed with options to select the template. Select 'DOWNLOAD_LOCATION_FILTER' from the list

Site Navigation: <xconf-server>:19093 >>Firmware >> Firmware Rules >> DefineProperties

Conf	Common 🗸	Firmware +	DCM -	Telemetry 👻	Settings +	RFC +	Tools +	Changes	Application admin stb v 05/17/2021 urc 05:48:11
Add Fir	mware	e Rule							
Please S	Select a	Templa	te						
DOWNLOAD_L	OCATION_FILT	ER							
MIN_CHECK_F	ય								
REBOOT IMM	EDIATELY_FILTI	ER							

3. In this 'firmware rule' page with type 'DOWNLOAD_LOCATION_FILTER', we need to specify the 'Build Conditions' and 'Action', The build condition should be same as that we used to set rule actions(which will set rules for our intended devices). In 'Properties' option under 'Action', add 'firmwareDownloadProtocol' as 'tftp', 'firmwareLocation' as 'your tftp location IPV4 address'. This property will override the default value set from 'Download Round Robin location filter'.

Conf °	emmon - Firmware - DCM -	Telemetry - Settings - R	FC = Tools = Changes	sb 💙 05/14
dd Firm	ware Rule			
PROPERTIES				
Name RDK8	DownloadLocation	Туре	DOWNLOAD LOCATION FILTER	
BUILD CONDITION	1			
		15 🖌		
Preses provide value citck condition, enter Note: <u>Yey</u> value in c	for each condition in the rule. (modeling rules, then click i Yau builton to asses that condition <u>each</u> the modified. Ets not allowed to add o	conditon. see conditons.		
Please provide value citic condition, when Notice Key value in o ACTION	for each condition in the nink. Insolving value, then citic Pice Isofian is seen that institute <u>many</u> be modified. It is not allowed to add o	ordite. as ordites.		
Please provide value cick condition, when Note: <u>Eng</u> value in c Action Type Di Bypacs Filters	for each condition in the nink. Insolding value, then cital Plan bullion in seven that multitive reach be enrolled. It is not allowed to add or EFINE_PROPERTIES	onditor. we conditors.		
Prese provide value cick motion, whe Note <u>Ser</u> value in a ACTION ACTION ACTION Bypass Fillers Properties	for each condition in the nick for each condition in zero Part institute <u>reach</u> is encoded. It is not abased to add or provide the prooperaties Select •	condition. see conditions.		
Press provide only determined with Note Segrature in the Action Type Di Bypess Filters Properties	for each condition in the nick faceLeg value, then cital Plan fullion in same that institute regard to enrolled. It is not allowed to add or EPINE PROPERTIES Select • Key Institute condition	condition. see conditions.	ValidationTypes	
Press provide value determiners when Notes <u>Ser</u> value in a Action Type Di Bypass Filters Properties	for each condition in the nick. Instring water, then cital Plan fullion in same that Instring regard to enrolled. It's not allowed to add a EPINE PROPERTIES EPINE PROPERTIES EPINE PROPERTIES EPINE PROPERTIES From areLocation • firmwareLocation	condition. wer conditions. Value 192,168.1.9	ValidaBonTypes STRING STRING	
Phase provide value of a contribute value Note: <u>Yes</u> value in a Action Type Di Bypass Filters Properties	for each condition in the nick. Instricting setus, then cits Phas button in same that instricting generalized in an original setup of the EFINE PROPERTIES Select • Key IpvGPrimeareLocation * firmeareLocation * firmeareLocation	ronditus. see conditions. Value 192.168.1.9 ttp	ValidationTypes STRING STRING STRING	

4. To add IPV6 address of tftp servers, you can either specify it here in the define properties rule or else from 'Download Round Robin Filter' page. To add IPV6, add it as 'ipv6FirmwareLocation' Property in 'define properties rule' page (ipv6FirmwareLocation key will be there by default, you need to add the value as tftp ipv6 address).

5. To add IPV6 address of tftp servers in 'Download Round Robin Filter', Go to Firmware - > Download Location Filter. Enter the tftp IPV6 locations and also the percentages. The devices will get back one of the locations based on the percentage listed for the location.

Site Navigation: <xconf-server>:19093 >>Firmware >> Download Location Filter

For where TF 10% of reque	TP applies, sts will be t	a device will get t old to use location	ack o	ne of th 1.	the locations below based on the percent listed for the location. So if location 1.1.1.1 has a percent of 10, then
Pv4 locations:					
192.168.1.4	10	%			
192.168.1.5	10	%			
192.168.1.6	80	%			
Pv6 locations:					
2601:1f18:22	7b:c00:767a	afd0:82bb:efa6	20	%	
2600:1f18:22	/b:c00:767a	afd0.82bb.efa6	30	%	
2602-1018-22	7b:c00:767;	afd0-82bb efa6	50	*	

6. Response example for https://{xconf-ip}:{port}/xconf/swu/stb?eStbMac={mac}. Here the 'firmwareLocation' and 'firmwareDownloadProtocol' are overrided at 'Define Properties' firmware rule.

The 'ipv6' addresses will be one of the addresses mentioned in the 'Download Filter' page . If you don't want "ipv6FirmwareLocation", then don't setup it in 'Define Properties' or in the 'Download location filter' pages and you will get only "firmwareLocation" in the response

"firmwareDownloadProtocol": "tftp",

"firmwareFilename": "rdkb-generic-broadband-image_default_20200406103506.rootfs.rpi-sdimg",

"firmwareLocation": "192.168.1.9",

"firmwareVersion": "rdkb-generic-broadband-image_default_20200406103506.txt",

"ipv6FirmwareLocation": "2601:1f18:227b:c00:767a:afd0:82bb:efa6",

"rebootImmediately": false

}

7. Setting up IPV4 locations via 'Download Location Round Robin Filter' is not supported. This can be set only by the property 'firmwareLocation' from the 'Define Properties' firmware rule page.

8. Note : Just like we added tftp location and protocol here, we can also override the default value with http as well. For firmwareDownloadProtocol, add 'http' and for the 'firmwareLocation', add http location

Override the default download Location set at Download Location Filter

There is a new option added in the Firmware Config, where we can add parameters. For example if we add parameters 'firmwareLocation' and 'firmwareDownloadProtocol'. then we will be able to override the default download location set from the 'DownLoad Location Filter' page.

Override Firmware Location with http

To create a new firmware configuration for a particular set of devices with http download location :

1. Go to Firmware Firmware Configs Create. Enter a description for this config. Also we can define the file name and version of the image /firmware that need to be downloaded to the CPE device. The models that we defined in Common Models section will be available here, We can select the required models by clicking on it. There is also an option 'Parameters'. Add the key values 'firmwareLocation' and 'firmwareDownloadProtocol' as 'http location url' and 'http' respectively

Description rd	kma-verifyparamete	и И
File name Tes	t.img	
Version V12.1	.1	
Addels:		
AH212 ARMV7	ARRIS AUSA-T	EST AX061AEI COGMATION_BB COGMATION_ENV DEV
DHA2332 EMU-	ENV EMULATOR	EMULATOR1 EMURDKV ENV13 FWUPG_DEMO HP40A
HP40A-DEV HP	44H HX44X-TES	NEWTEST PP_MODEL PROD QA QAENV QAMODEL
RDK-B RDK-C_	T RDK-C_TEST	RDK-C_TEST1 RDK-C_TEST2 RDK_B_HEN RDK_BROADBAND
RDKB-RPI-TEST	RDKB-TECHSUM	MIT RDKB 19 RDKB RPI RDKB RPI 5J RDKB TURRIS
RDKSERVICE RF	I TEST RDKV I	PSTB RDKV RPI RDKVA RPI RPI-3 RPI-TEST RPI0 RPI BB
RPI MAK RPI F	RDKB TELEMETRY	(RPI RDKM TDK-B TDKB-TEST TEST-12 TESTCPE
TESTCPEFOR121	2 TESTENV T	ESTENVFOR2222 TESTENVFOR2255 VIP7802 XYZ123 YS4000
Properties:		
tirmwareL	ocation	http://192.168.43.165
ii firmwareD	ownloadProtocol	http

2. Create a firmware rule like the steps given in 'Configuration' and map this Firmware Config to it. Check using the steps in below 'Verification' sections and verify if the firmwareLocation and firmwareDownloadProtocol are the same as we configured in FirmwareConfig page.

Sample curl response(refer below steps to check)

Verification

a. Verification of Firmware test page.

After creating the Firmware configs and Firmware rules, go to Firmware->Test page and give a parameter that will match the one of the rule that you have created. Then matched rule will be displayed like below.

Site Navigation: <xconf-server>:19093 >>Firmware >> Test Page

← → C 🌲 xc	onf.rdkcentral.com:9093/admin/ux/?#/	firmware/testpage			\$
	Firmware Te	est page			
	Parameters		Context		
	eStbMac	B8:27:EB:BE:D7:12	{"eStbMac":"B8:27: dress":"1.1.1.1","tin	EB:BE:D7:12","applicationType":"stb","time":"2021-04-22T12:07:00.000","lpAd neZone":"UTC")	
	+ •		Matched Rul	e	
			type:	MAC_RULE	
			id:	0d462355-0c1a-4dc0-ab79-1671bcc5d528	
			blocked:	false	
			eStbMac IN_LIST	emulator_19	
			Firmware Co	nfig	
			description:	RDKB_19	
			id:	557584dc-2798-40fd-ad39-53c89ed66737	
			firmwareDownload	Protocol: http	
			firmwareFilename:	rdkb-generic-broadband- image_default_20201222054544.rootfs.rpi-sdimg	
			firmwareVersion:	rdkb-generic-broadband-image_defauit_20201222054544	

b. Verification via curl command

The curl command mocks the request being sent from an STB like below and sample response is also given. It can be given as a curl command or as a get request via postman or browser.

eg :

\$ curl 'https://<XCONF_IP>:19092/xconf/swu/stb?eStbMac=B8:27:EB:BE:D7:12

Sample Response :

```
{
    "firmwareDownloadProtocol": "http",
    "firmwareFilename": "vip7802_FBT_rdk-next_20210610095056.pkg.tar.gz",
    "firmwareLocation": "xconf.rdkcentral.com",
    "firmwareVersion": "vip7802_FBT_rdk-next_20210610095056",
    "rebootImmediately": false,
    "mandatoryUpdate": false
}
```

Client end verification (RPI)

CURL Command	curl 'http:// <xconf_ip>:19092/xconf/swu/stb?eStbMac=B8:27:EB:BE:D7: 12&model=ARMv7&capabilities=RCDL&capabilities=supportsFullHttpUrl'</xconf_ip>
CPE Script (RDK- V)	/lib/rdk/swupdate_utility.sh
CPE Service (RDK-V)	/lib/systemd/system/swupdate.service

Percent Filter

Percentage based filters allow us to block a certain percentage of Xconf responses that would otherwise have resulted in a change in firmware. The use case for this is when we have tons of STBs out there and we don't yet have scheduled downloads. We would like to be able to only service a certain percentage as a throttling mechanism so download servers aren't overwhelmed.

Import and Export Feature

We can import and export all the configuration data from the UI itself. This feature can be primarily used for transferring the configuration data from one xconfiserver setup to the other one.

The export and import data need to be done separately for the Application - stb, xhome and rdkcloud for all the pages except those in Common tab.

To export data from a page, Click on 'Export All' button in that page. The configuration data will be downloaded as a JSON file.

Conf Common - Pirmw	are * DCM * Telemetry * Settings * RFC * Tools * Changes	Application	и инс	admin 2/16/2021 03:43:55
Environments	Search by Id	Create •	Exp	IA Ito
Id	Description	Actions		
AUSA-TEST	Albe-USA Validation Test	1	0	ځ
AX061AEI	RT1319	-	0	đ
сі	Ct environmet	-	0	de .
COGMATION_ENV	Cogmation Test	-	0	٠
DEV	Development Environment	-	٥	du
EMU-ENV	Env for Emulator	-	0	de .
EMURDKV	emulator for rdkv	-	0	ځ
ENV13	ENV13	-	0	de

To import data :

- 1. Open the dropdown menu next to 'Create' button.
- 2. From the drop down menu, click on 'Import'.
- 3. A new page will be displayed with option to browse the location of the JSONfile to be imported. Select the file that need to be imported.
- 4. All the data from the file will be listed in the page.
- 5. Click on 'Import All' to import all data

Import Environments			Im	ort All
C:\fakepath\allEnvironments (4).json	Browse			
Name		Description		
AUSA-TEST	Altice-USA Validation Test		0	mport
AX061AEI	RT1319		0	mport
сі	CI environmet		0	mport
COGMATION_ENV	Cogmation Test		0	mport
DEV	Development Environment		0	mport
EMU-ENV	Env for Emulator		0	mport
FMURDKV	emulator for rriky			

FAQs and Common Issues faced in setup

1. The 'mvn clean install' step is stuck at 'org.hyperic.sigar.SigarException: no libsigar-amd64-linux.so in java.library.path' . Is this an issue?

This is an exception from unit test, but the tests will run successfully. Build process may stall for some time but the build will be successful and the application can be launched successfully. So it can be ignored as well. Or you can run the mvn build step - 'mvn clean install - DskipTests=true', instead of the 'mvn clean install'.

2. In Xconf server, what is the 'Environment' tab for? which module will reference it?

This can be added in the build conditions just like you add maclists or IPlists.

3. I am getting a 503 error on accessing the dataservice. What may be the reason?

Check whether Cassandra DB is up or not. If Cassandra DB is not up, then it may affect the admin UI as well. The admin UI may be up, but you may not be able to add data to the Application.

4. We are getting 'Failed to execute goal com.github.eirslett:frontend-maven-plugin:1.10.0:npm (Compile via NPM install) on project xconf-angularadmin: Failed to run task: 'npm install' failed.'. What will be the reason?

For running xconf-angular admin, frontend-maven-plugin is used and it will internally install node and npm. Some dependencies may not be getting installed due to network restrictions. Run the build command 'mvn clean install' using -e switch and you will get the full error trace. Rectify the network issue and continue

5. Is there a requirement for a GUI for deployment?

No, there is no requirement for GUI based deployment environment

6. Python 2.7 is mentioned here, Can we use any other Python versions?

At the time of reference setup, this python version worked with the Cassandra version we used. For the reference setup we used cassandra 3.11.9 and python 2.7 . For Cassandra 3X, python 2.7 is required, https://community.datastax.com/questions/11213/py3-support-for-cassandra-3116.html.

7. Can openjdk v11 be used?

No, Like mentioned in the userguide app requires java 8 and you can refer the prerequisites here in readme https://github.com/rdkcentral /xconfserver#readme

8. Local Firewall is required. Are there any known issues with this?

Firewall issue is not mentioned in the user guide. However there were issues in the past where partner would deploy the application in their VMs and due to the firewall, they may face issues to access it. This need to be resolved internally.

9. We are getting this issue on running Cassandra - "Java HotSpot (TM) 64-Bit Server VM warning: Cannot open file. /..logs/gc.log due to No such file or directory"

This may be an issue related to the memory. This issue has happened in the past when community members try to setup the applications in Virtual env like Oracle VM virtual box. Increase the allocated memory for the virtual machine and it will be resolved